

Towards the Metaverse: Market Potential & Research Challenges

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About us

- Telefonica operates in 12 countries, with presence in 33:
 - Main operations in EU (Germany, Spain), UK and Brazil
- Telefónica I+D is the research company of the Telefonica group:
 - The biggest private R&D centre in Spain
 - Strong connection with academia: JRUs, 5TONIC, MadQCI
 - Extensive presence in EU-funded projects (FET, Pathfinder, RIA, IA)





Telefónica Research

Machine Learning,
Deep Learning,
Quantum Computing

Human-Computer Interaction, Neuro-informatics

Networks, Systems, Security

Telefónica: A Metaverse-ready Telecom

- Metaverse: "an opportunity to connect people's lives even better."
- Telefónica & Metaverse:
 - Technical challenges: Edge computing, low-latency technologies, Network-as-a-Service (NaaS), APIfication
 - Co-creation: XR-Experience Center; Metaverse Innovation Hub (with Meta), Partnerships, Investments in start-ups
 - Interoperable & Open: Metaverse Standards Forum
 - o ...



What is the Metaverse?





A Technical Definition

"A massively scaled and interoperable network of realtime rendered 3D virtual worlds that can be experienced synchronously and persistently by an effectively unlimited number of users with an individual sense of presence, and with continuity of data, such as identity, history, entitlements, objects, communications, and payments."¹







A Network of Social Value

- The Metaverse as "a network of connected experiences which provide fulfilment, develop social relationships or otherwise provide value to a community of users."¹
- → How to provide value to the users?



The Value of Presence

- Feelings of presence in social XR platforms:
 - Increase feelings of relatedness between users¹
 - Increase enjoyment of the interaction¹
 - Increase perception of social support²
 - Increase feelings of community in online, remote education³

¹Barreda-Ángeles, M., & Hartmann, T. (2022). Psychological benefits of using social virtual reality platforms during the covid-19 pandemic: The role of social and spatial presence. Computers in Human Behavior, 127, 107047.

²van Brakel, V., Barreda-Ángeles, M., & Hartmann, T. (2023). Feelings of presence and perceived social support in social virtual reality platforms. *Computers in Human Behavior, 139,* 107523.

³Barreda-Ángeles, Horneber, & Hartmann, *under review*. Easily applicable social virtual reality and social presence in online higher education during the covid-19 pandemic: A qualitative study



A Community of Users

- Limited adoption: chicken-and-egg problem
- Users' motivation and ability (also, triggers?)
 - What motivates users to use metaverse driven applications
 - Have the users the ability to use them?



Motivation

- Some barriers:
 - Lack of content, lack of added value
 - Poor realism of the social interaction (poor avatars)
- Some potential solutions we aim to explore:
 - Give a new (immersive) twist to content that is already valuable
 - e.g., sports in the metaverse?
 - Realism: wi-fi based gesture recognition, improving social interaction via avatars



Ability

- Some barriers:
 - Content creation is hard for many end users
 - One-size-fits-all solutions that neglect users' diversity
- Some potential solutions we aim to explore:
 - Al-supported creation & personalization of XR content and interaction



Social & Psychological Risks

- Some current concerns:
 - Harassment & bullying feels more vivid
 - Addiction?¹
 - Different perception of the reality?²

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¹Barreda-Ángeles, M., & Hartmann, T. (2022). Hooked on the metaverse? Exploring the prevalence of addiction to virtual reality applications. *Frontiers in Virtual Reality*.

²Barreda-Ángeles, M., & Hartmann, T. (2023). Experiences of Depersonalization/Derealization Among Users of Virtual Reality Applications: A Cross-Sectional Survey. *Cyberpsychology, Behavior, and Social Networking, 26*(1), 22-27.



Some final thoughts

- Place the human at the center of the network and application management
 - The perception of the user is to be assessed in real-time
 - Optimizations in application and network must be performed if the perception degrades
- Many challenges in performing usability evaluations on XR systems, considering that they cannot rely on design guidelines for traditional User Interfaces (UIs) like traditional Quality of Experience (QoE) assessments
- Evaluation also heavily dependent on the characteristics of the endusers
- To provide a full understanding XR user perception, we need to combine the assessment of QoE, well-being (cybersickness), environmental presence, and application usability



Thank you for your attention

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